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Cambridge English

First



Glossary



GlobalELT
ENGLISH LANGUAGE TEACHING BOOKS

abbreviations

(n) = noun; (v) = verb; (adj) = adjective; (adv) = adverb;
(prep) = preposition; (conj) = conjunction; sth = something
sb = someone, somebody

TEST 1**p. 64, Paper 1, Part 1**

royal (adj) = belonging or connected to a king or the queen or a member of their family

venue (n) = the place where a public event or meeting happens

residence (n) = a person's home

situation (n) = a set of circumstances in which one finds oneself, a state of affairs

occupation (n) = a person's job

sovereign (n) = the highest ruler, especially a monarch, such as a king or queen

her Majesty = form of address for the Queen

extensively (adv) = largely, a lot

ceremony (n) = a formal act or a series of formal acts performed on a religious or public occasion

official (adj) = agreed to or arranged by people in positions of authority

successive (adj) = happening one after the other without any break

conception (n) = the forming of a plan or idea

create (v) = to make sth new

explore (v) = to search and discover

produce (v) = to make sth or bring sth into existence

display (v) = to put sth in a place in order to be seen

instruct (v) = to teach sb how to do sth especially a skill

intend (v) = to have as a plan

perform (v) = to entertain people by dancing, acting, singing or playing music

guard (v) = to protect sb or sth from being attacked or stolen

reflect (v) = to show, to express or to be a sign of sth

feature (n) = an interesting or important part, quality or ability etc.

location (n) = place

destination (n) = the place where sb or sth is going

appearance (n) = the way sb or sth looks

inevitably (adv) = when sth is certain to happen

depending (adj) = to be decided by sth or sb

circumstances (n) = events or conditions that make a situation the way it is

successor (n) = sb or sth that comes after another person or thing

salary (n) = money paid for a year's work, usually paid every month

budget (n) = the money you have available to spend

income (n) = money that sb gets from working or investing money

wages (n) = money earned every day or every week

remainder (n) = what is left

fund (v) = to give the money to pay for an event, activity or organisation

restore (v) = to return sth to an earlier good condition

destroyed (adj) = damaged so badly that it cannot be used

ruined (adj) = totally destroyed, either physically, morally, socially or economically

damaged (adj) = when sth is harmed physically so it is spoiled or broken

collapsed (adj) = when sth has fallen down suddenly

p. 64, Paper 1, Part 2

extraordinary (adj) = very unusual, special and surprising

relative (n) = a member of your family

wander (v) = if your mind wanders, you start thinking about other things

hurried (adj) = done very or too quickly

p. 65, Paper 1, Part 3

refute (v) = to say or prove that a person or opinion is wrong or false

fool (n) = a person who behaves in a silly way without thinking

alter (v) = to change sth

appreciate (v) = to recognise how good sb or sth is

adapt (v) = to change sth so that it will be better for a new situation

p. 65, Paper 1, Part 4

respect (n) = admiration for sb because of their personal qualities, or their status

mood (n) = the way sb is feeling, e.g. if they are happy, sad or angry

unfairly (adv) = not equally or fairly; not in a right way

deserve (v) = if you deserve sth, it's right that you get it

proposal (n) = a plan or a suggestion that people have to think about

exception (n) = sb or sth that is not included in a rule or in a group

apart from (prep) = except for

p. 66-67 Paper 1, Part 5

sweep out (v) = move in a confident way

drawing-room (n) = a comfortable room in a large house used for entertaining guests or relaxing

stride (n) = a long step when walking or running

hurriedly (adv) = done very or too quickly

limp (v) = to walk slowly or with difficulty because of a problem with one's leg

shift for oneself = to manage on your own

vast (adj) = very large

lawn (n) = grass

disconsolately (adv) = in a way that shows that sb is extremely sad and disappointed

gravel (n) = very small stones

bully (v) = to frighten or hurt sb who is smaller than you

glare (v) = to look at sb in an unfriendly way

amicably (adv) = in a peaceful and friendly way

roar (n) = loud, deep sound or cry, as of an angry person

guffaw (n) = a loud laugh

awkwardness (n) = an embarrassing or not comfortable position

facetiousness (n) = when sb is not serious about a subject because he tries to be funny

indignantly (adv) = in a way that shows anger because sth is wrong or not fair

crow (v) = to talk proudly of oneself

instinctively (adv) = done without thinking because of a natural tendency or ability

withdraw (v) = move sth away

club foot (n) = a foot twisted to one side as a result of a medical condition

shin (n) = the lower front part of your leg, between your knee and your ankle

gasp (v) = to take a short quick breath through the mouth because of pain or surprise

tormentor (n) = a person who makes sb suffer

willingly (adv) = with pleasure or enthusiasm

redden (v) = to become red

unseemly (adj) = not socially suitable or polite
broom (n) = a brush with a long handle used for cleaning the floor
leap (n) = a large jump or sudden movement
step (n) = a short movement made by putting one foot in front of the other
yell (n) = a loud noise you make because you are excited, angry or in pain
cramped (adj) = not having enough space or time
embarrassed (adj) = feeling ashamed or shy
curious (adj) = interested in learning about people or things around you
sympathetic (adj) = understanding how people feel when they have a problem and being kind to them
disgusted (adj) = feeling extreme dislike of sth

p. 68-69, Paper 1, Part 6

element (n) = a small amount of an emotion or quality
tight (adj) = strict
regulation (n) = rule
requirement (n) = what is needed
mandate (v) = to order sb to do sth
parachuting (n) = jumping from an aircraft using a parachute
ensure (v) = to make sure
cease (v) = to stop
subsequent (adj) = happening after sth else
fade (v) = to lose colour, brightness or strength gradually
dim (adj) = not clear in the mind, weak
recollection (n) = the ability to remember past events, memory
accustomed to (adj) = when you get used to sth
commence (v) = to start
deploy (v) = to use sth in an effective way
ripcord (n) = the string you use to open a parachute
altimeter (n) = sth that tells you the height of the aircraft above sea level
tumble (v) = to fall suddenly, usually awkwardly
velocity (n) = speed
adopt (v) = to start to use sth new
stable (adj) = fixed, not moving
occur (v) = to happen
desperation (n) = the state in which you have lost all hope
disentangle (v) = to separate things which have become joined or confused
peninsula (n) = a long piece of land that sticks out from a larger area of land into the sea or into a lake
canopy (n) = the part of the parachute that looks like an umbrella
altitude (n) = the height of a thing above a chosen level, usually above sea level

p. 70-71, Paper 1, Part 7

receive (v) = to get or be given sth
take part (v) = to be involved in an activity with other people
initially (adv) = at first
overcome (v) = to succeed in dealing with or controlling a problem
confront (v) = to face, meet or deal with a difficult situation or a problem
fear (n) = the feeling that you have when you are frightened or scared
face (v) = to try to control a difficult situation or a problem
challenge (n) = a test of sb's strength and abilities
deal with (v) = to try to control a difficult situation or a problem
ceiling (n) = the surface that is above you in a room

survive (v) = to live or exist after being in danger
tolerant (adj) = accepting sb's behaviour or beliefs even if you disagree with them
trekking (n) = the activity of walking long distances on foot for pleasure
consider (v) = to believe sth or sb to be
in retrospect = thinking now about sth in the past
apparently (adv) = as far as one knows or can see
eventually (adv) = finally
decline (v) = to say politely that you will not accept sth
terrified (adj) = extremely frightened
convince (v) = to make sb believe that sth is true
careless (adj) = not careful
assignment (n) = work you must do as part of your study
attitude (n) = the way you behave towards sth
strength (n) = strong point, positive characteristic
weakness (n) = your weak (not strong) point
affect (v) = to influence or change how sb thinks, behaves or develops
particularly (adv) = especially or more than usual
beneath (prep) = below
nauseous (adj) = making you feel sick
exposure (n) = the experience of sth
exhilarating (adj) = very exciting
desire (n) = a wish, sth that you want to happen

p. 72, Paper 2

obesity (n) = being extremely fat
contest (n) = competition
seek (v) = to try to find
conference (n) = a formal meeting of people with a shared interest
sculpture (n) = an object that an artist makes by shaping stone, metal or wood

p. 73-75, Paper 3

lecture (n) = a talk to a group of people about a subject especially at a college or university
addicted (adj) = unable to stop doing sth as a habit
delay (n) = a period of time by which sth is late
treatment (n) = medical care given to a patient
surgical (adj) = used for medical operations
maintenance (n) = the work needed to keep sth e.g. a building or a machine in good condition
mental (adj) = relating to the mind
admit (v) = to agree that sth is true
deny (v) = to say that sth is not true
whether (conj) = if or not

Vocabulary Exercises

Exercise A: Choose the correct option (a, b, c or d) which best fits each sentence.

- | | |
|--|---|
| <p>1. After many years of hard work, he became the director of the company.</p> <p>a. instinctively c. disconsolately</p> <p>b. eventually d. particularly</p> | <p>2. A diet that is high in fat can lead to</p> <p>a. treatment c. obesity</p> <p>b. lecture d. exposure</p> |
|--|---|

Exercise B: Fill in the blanks in the following sentences using words from the box below. There are two extra words in the box you do not need to use. You cannot change the words.

- | | | | | | |
|-------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|------------|---------------|
| a. velocity | b. desperation | c. altitude | d. challenge | e. ceiling | f. assignment |
|-------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|------------|---------------|

1. She wrote to her ex-husband in
2. The student had to submit her by Monday.
3. We are currently flying at a(n) of 20,000 metres.
4. I like my job to be a(n)

Exercise C: Fill in the definitions using words from the box below. There are two extra words in the box that you do not need to use.

- | | | | | | |
|----------|-----------|---------------|-----------|----------|---------|
| a. bully | b. refute | c. appreciate | d. ensure | e. glare | f. fade |
|----------|-----------|---------------|-----------|----------|---------|

1. means to look at somebody in an unfriendly way.
2. is to say or prove that a person or opinion is wrong or false.
3. means to recognise how good someone or something is.
4. is to frighten or hurt someone who is smaller than you.

Exercise D: Fill in the charts with the derivatives of the given **adjectives**. Then provide one synonym and one antonym.

	Verb	Noun	Adjective	Adverb
1.			successive	
2.			creative	
3.			related	
4.			extensive	

		Synonym	Antonym
1.	successive		
2.	creative		
3.	related		
4.	extensive		

Exercise E: Write 4 sentences using the following words: **inconsecutive**, **uncreative**, **unconnected**, **limited**. You must write one sentence for each of these words. Use between 6 and 15 words in each sentence.

1.
2.
3.
4.

TEST 2

p. 76, Paper 1, Part 1

county (n) = a large area in the UK that has its own local government

council (n) = group of people who are elected to govern a place

strategy (n) = plan or method for doing or achieving sth

advantage (n) = sth that makes one person or thing better than others

income (n) = money that sb gets from working or investing money

benefit (n) = sth positive or an advantage you get from a situation

priority (n) = sth important that needs to be done first

intend (v) = to have a plan in your mind to do sth

convenient (adj) = easy to do/use, without causing problems

shortcut (n) = a path or route that is quicker than the usual way

proportion (n) = the quantity of sth that is a part of a whole

provision (n) = the act of providing sth that sb needs

proposal (n) = a formal plan or suggestion that one has to think about

utility (n) = the state of being useful

purpose (n) = the aim/ goal that sb wants to achieve

recreational (adj) = done or used for enjoyment

useless (adj) = of no use, not good

sufficient (adj) = as much as it is needed

promotional (adj) = relating to a promotion of a product, organisation or event

carry out (v) = to do or complete sth

in conjunction with = working together with

body (n) = a group of people working together for an organisation or the government

abnormal (adj) = not usual or typical, especially in a way that shows there may be sth wrong

proper (adj) = suitable, correct

consult (v) = to ask for advice or discuss sth with sb before making a decision

implement (v) = to start using a plan or a system

improve (v) = to (cause sth to) get better

ensure (v) = to make sth certain to happen

assert (v) = to state firmly that sth is true

maintain (v) = to make sth stay the same

objective (n) = aim, target

leaflet (n) = a piece of paper that gives you information or advertises sth

p. 77, Paper 1, Part 3

temper (n) = a person's state of mind, being angry or calm

chaotic (adj) = happening in a confused way and without any order or organisation

bear (v) = to accept a bad or difficult situation without complaining

tempt (v) = to make sb want to have or do sth, especially sth that is unnecessary or wrong

receive (v) = to get or to be given sth

hindrance (n) = sth that makes it more difficult for you to do sth or for sth to develop

p. 78-79, Paper 1, Part 5

fascinating (adj) = extremely interesting

aside (adv) = on or to one side

hunk (n) = a large piece

definite edition (n) = complete and final edition

obsolete (adj) = not in use anymore

bite (v) = to use your teeth to cut into sth

swallow (v) = to cause food or drink to come from your mouth into your stomach

mouthful (n) = amount of food or drink that you put in your mouth at one time

pedant (n) = sb who gives too much importance to details and formal rules, especially of grammar

animate (v) = to make sb/sth more lively/active

mocking (adj) = showing that sth or sb is stupid

destruction (n) = the action of causing so much damage to sth that it cannot be fixed

wastage (n) = the amount that is wasted

get rid of (v) = to remove or throw away sth unwanted

justification (n) = a good reason or explanation of sth

afterthought (n) = sth that you think or say after you have finished speaking

vapid (adj) = showing no sign of intelligence or imagination, boring

eagerness (n) = enthusiasm to do or have sth

stick to (v) = to continue to do or use sth and not change it for a period of time

vagueness (n) = when sth is not clear

grasp (v) = take and hold sth or sb very tightly

chew (v) = to use your teeth to bite food in your mouth into small pieces so that you can swallow it

literally (adv) = used for showing that what you are saying is really true

concept (n) = an idea of sth that exists

rigidly (adv) = in a strict way and not changed easily

subsidiary (adj) = sth less important than sth else with which it is connected

rub out (v) = to remove sth

consciousness (n) = a sense of one's identity, including attitudes and beliefs

commit (v) = to do (sth wrong)

merely (adv) = just, only

self-discipline (n) = the ability to control yourself

revolution (n) = a very important change in the way people do things

occur to (v) = if an idea occurs to you, it comes into your mind

eagerly (adv) = with enthusiasm

outspokenly (adv) = clearly, completely

reconstruct (v) = to build or create sth again

prevent (v) = to stop sth from happening or sb from doing sth

citizen (n) = sb who has the right to live permanently in a country

oppressive (adj) = treating people unfairly or in a cruel way

violent (adj) = using physical force to hurt or kill

effectively (adv) = successfully, achieving the result you want

p. 80-81, Paper 1, Part 6

menacing (adj) = frightening, threatening sb

threaten (v) = to be likely to cause harm to sb

shred (v) = to cut sth into thin strips

surface (n) = the top part of sth

uneven (adj) = not equal

solid (adj) = hard or firm, without any holes or spaces

treacherous (adj) = extremely dangerous

boulder (n) = a very large rock

rubble (n) = small pieces of stone or rock

dense (adj) = thick

thicket (n) = area of trees and bushes growing closely together

furnace (n) = a container that is heated to a very hot temperature so that everything inside will melt

absorb (v) = to take sth in, especially gradually

hostile (adj) = extremely unfriendly

steep (adj) = rising quickly and therefore being difficult to climb

wilderness (n) = an area of land where people do not live or grow crops

on the doorstep = very close to sth

magnificent (adj) = extremely beautiful or impressive
mosaic (n) = a colourful pattern; a picture produced by arranging together small pieces of stone, glass, tile etc.
tortuous (adj) = twisting and turning
scramble (v) = to climb or move with difficulty
scrubby (adj) = full of short trees and bushes
impenetrable (adj) = impossible to get into or get through
adjacent (adj) = next to or near sth else
persistent (adj) = continuing to do sth in a determined way
yelping (n) = a sudden loud barking
thundering (adj) = very loud
sandy (adj) = full of sand
jolt (v) = to shake or shock sb
familiar (adj) = well-known or easily recognized
penetrate (v) = to move into or through sth
stench (n) = a bad smell
pungent (adj) = a pungent smell is very strong and sharp
suffocating (adj) = making you feel uncomfortably hot or unable to breathe
odour (n) = a smell, often one that is unpleasant
sulphur (n) = a yellow chemical element that has a strong smell, used for making medicines and explosives
drag (v) = to pull with difficulty
shoal (n) = a lot of fish together
wade into (v) = to attack forcefully
shallows (n) = an area of the sea, lake or river where the water is not deep
blast (v) = to move very quickly in a specified direction
roiling (adj) = moving quickly in a twisting circular movement
footprint (n) = the mark made by a person's or animal's foot
prod (v) = to push sth with a pointed object
foolhardy (adj) = brave in a silly way, taking unnecessary risks
lure (v) = to persuade sb to do sth or go somewhere by offering them sth exciting
retrieve (v) = to find sth and bring it back
inhabit (v) = to live in a place
cliff (n) = a high area of rock with a very steep side, often on a coast
eruption (n) = the explosion of a volcano
preserve (v) = to keep sth as it is, especially in order to prevent it from being harmed or destroyed
ash (n) = the grey powder that remains after sth has burnt
spew (v) = to flow out in large amounts
paddle (v) = to push a pole with a wide end through the water to make a boat move
abrasive (adj) = having an annoyingly rough surface
scatter (n) = the amount or number of things that have moved in different directions
pall (n) = a dark cloud of steam
strobe (v) = to flash on and off
lightning (n) = the bright flash of light that you see in a sky during a storm
ferocious (adj) = violent and able to cause serious damage or injury
fiery (adj) = burning or full of fire
onset (n) = the beginning of sth, especially sth bad

p. 82-83, Paper 1, Part 7

appreciate (v) = to recognize how good sth is and to value it
contemporary (adj) = relating to the present time
put off (v) = make sb not want or like sth
investment (n) = the act of putting money into sth in order to make a profit
persuade (v) = convince, to make sb do or believe sth by giving them a good reason
grown-up (n) = adult
precious (adj) = of great value because of being rare, expensive or important

hanker after (v) = to have a strong wish for sth, especially if you cannot have it
era (n) = a period of time that has a particular quality or character
chop off (v) = to cut
petticoat (n) = a piece of women's underwear that is like a thin loose dress without sleeves
corset (n) = a piece of underwear worn by women to make their waists look thinner
medical (adj) = related to the treatment of illness and injuries
enormous (adj) = very big
denounce (v) = to accuse sb publicly of being sth that is bad or wrong
torture (v) = to make sb suffer
quarter (v) = to divide into four parts
stake (n) = (in the past) a wooden post to which a person was tied before being burnt as a punishment
artefact (n) = an object that was made a long time ago and is historically important, e.g. a tool or weapon
primitive (adj) = at a very simple stage of development, before modern technology
beast (n) = an animal, especially a strange or dangerous one
prevent (v) = to stop sth from happening
election (n) = a time when people vote in order to choose sb for a political spot
incentive (n) = sth that encourages a person to do sth
paradox (n) = sth that is difficult to understand because it contains two opposite facts or characteristics
merchant navy (n) = a country's ships that carry goods, not soldiers and weapons
unique (adj) = very special, not the same as anything else
steer clear (v) = to avoid

p. 84, Paper 2

impact (n) = an effect or an influence
illegal (adj) = doing things that are against the law
lung (n) = one of the two organs in your chest that fill with air when you breathe
cancer (n) = a serious disease that is caused when cells in the body grow in a way that is uncontrolled, killing normal cells and often causing death
response (n) = a reply, an answer
elicit (v) = to manage to get information or an answer from sb
recommend (v) = to advise sb that they should do sth

p. 85-87, Paper 3

urgently (adv) = in a way that needs attention very soon because it is important
surgery (n) = a place where people can visit a doctor or a dentist (in the UK)
nearby (adj) = a nearby place is not far away
overhear (v) = to hear what other people are saying without intending to and without their knowledge
habit (n) = sth that you do often or regularly, often without thinking about it
employee (n) = sb who is paid to work for sb else
exceptionally (adv) = to a greater degree than normal; extraordinarily
masterpiece (n) = a work of art that is excellent and made with great skill
influence (n) = effect
deceive (v) = to make sb believe that sth false is the truth or to keep the truth hidden from sb
sue (v) = to take legal action against sb
disapprove (v) = to feel that sb or sth is bad or wrong

Vocabulary Exercises

Exercise A: Choose the correct option (a, b, c or d) which best fits each sentence.

- | | | |
|--|--------------|--|
| <p>1. Do we have food for eight people?</p> <p>a. recreational c. useless</p> <p>b. sufficient d. abnormal</p> | <p>.....</p> | <p>2. She that the young man stole money from her.</p> <p>a. asserts c. animates</p> <p>b. commits d. receives</p> |
|--|--------------|--|

Exercise B: Fill in the blanks in the following sentences using words from the box below. There are two extra words in the box you do not need to use. You cannot change the words.

- a. proportion b. destruction c. rubble d. justification e. vagueness f. incentive

1. There is no for treating people so badly.
2. The study shows that poor families spend a larger of their income on food.
3. I think that bonus payments provide a(n) to work harder.
4. We all should be concerned about the of the rain forests.

Exercise C: Fill in the definitions using words from the box below. There are two extra words in the box that you do not need to use.

- a. elicit b. overhear c. sue d. consult e. implement f. denounce

1. means to accuse someone publicly of being something that is bad or wrong.
2. is to manage to get information or an answer from someone.
3. means to take legal action against somebody.
4. is to hear what other people are saying without intending to and without their knowledge.

Exercise D: Fill in the charts with the derivatives of the given **adjectives**. Then provide one synonym and one antonym.

	Verb	Noun	Adjective	Adverb
1.			persuasive	
2.			appreciative	
3.			persistent	
4.			intentional	

		Synonym	Antonym
1.	persuasive		
2.	appreciative		
3.	persistent		
4.	intentional		

Exercise E: Write 4 sentences using the following words: **aimless**, **hesitant**, **groundless**, **ungrateful**. You must write one sentence for each of these words. Use between 6 and 15 words in each sentence.

1.
2.
3.
4.

TEST 3

p. 88, Paper 1, Part 1

major (adj) = important, serious, large or great

frequent (adj) = happening often

similar (adj) = looking or being almost, but not exactly, the same

various (adj) = many different

wonder (n) = an object that causes a feeling of great surprise and admiration

barrier (n) = a fence or other obstacle that prevents movement or access

defence (n) = protection or support

scheme (n) = an officially organized plan or system

embankment (n) = an artificial slope made of earth and/or stones

additional (adj) = extra

span (v) = to cover; to extend from side to side

consist (v) = to be made up of

include (v) = to contain sb or sth as part of a whole

involve (v) = to include or affect sb in an important way

contain (v) = to have sth inside or include sth as a part

separate (adj) = different not together

pivot (v) = to cause to turn

concrete (adj) = made of concrete: a very hard material made by mixing together cement, sand, small stones and water

house (v) = to provide space for, contain or accommodate

adjacent (adj) = very near, next to

calculate (v) = to discover a number or amount using mathematics

weigh (v) = to measure how heavy sth or sb is, to have a particular weight

operation (n) = when sth is working

surgery (n) = a place where you go to see a doctor or a dentist (in the UK)

vocation (n) = a job you do because you feel it is your purpose in life and for which you have special skills

profession (n) = a job that you need special skills and qualifications to do, especially one of high status

spectacular (adj) = extremely impressive

memorable (adj) = worth remembering because of being special in some way

forgetful (adj) = sb who cannot remember things

memorise (v) = to learn sth so that you remember it perfectly

p. 88, Paper 1, Part 2

accept (v) = to agree to take sth

an army of = a group of

duty (n) = sth you have to do

pile (n) = a lot of objects, one on top of the other

centimetre (n) = 0.01 of a metre

p. 89, Paper 1, Part 3

challenge (n) = sth difficult, a test of one's abilities

cottage (n) = a small house, usually in a village or in the countryside

invite (v) = ask sb to come to see you or spend time with you

employ (v) = to pay sb to do a job for you

extend (v) = to add to sth to make sth else bigger or longer

possess (v) = to have

requirements (n) = what is needed in order to do sth

arrange (v) = to plan, prepare for, or organize sth

transform (v) = to change sth

worth the effort = you will not waste your time; worthwhile

p. 89, Paper 1, Part 4

supervise (v) = to watch a person or an activity to make sure that everything is done correctly, safely, etc.

responsible (adj) = being in charge of sb and making sure that they do the right thing

deny (v) = to say that you did not do sth wrong (that you have been accused of)

purse (n) = a small case in which women carry money

p. 90, Paper 1, Part 5

stoop (v) = to bend the top half of your body downwards

hastily (adv) = quickly, sometimes without the necessary care or thought

kneel (v) = to go down in a position where your knees are on the ground

elbow (n) = the part in the middle of the arm where it bends

as a last resource = the last thing that could be done

chimney (n) = a tube or a passage that takes smoke from a fire up and then out of a building

effect (n) = result

curious (adj) = strange

fancy (v) = to want to have or do sth

sorrowful (adj) = sad

foolish (adj) = silly, stupid

pattering (n) = a repeated light sound

tremble (v) = to shake because you are nervous, afraid or excited

attempt (n) = the act of trying to do sth, especially sth difficult

spread (v) = to stretch

snatch (n) = the act of taking sth away quickly

goose (n) = a silly person

p. 92-93, Paper 1, Part 6

lucid (adj) = showing or telling sth in a clear way

gaze (v) = to look at sb or sth for a long time, especially in surprise or admiration or because you are thinking of sth else

peer (v) = to look carefully or with difficulty

stare (v) = to look for a long time with the eyes open, especially when surprised, frightened or thinking

identical (adj) = exactly the same or very similar

ponder (v) = to think carefully about sth for a long time before reaching a decision

abruptly (adv) = suddenly and unexpectedly

in a mundane fashion = in an ordinary and boring way

blurt out (v) = to say sth suddenly and without thinking

yell (v) = to shout sth or make a loud noise, usually when you are angry, in pain or excited

self-conscious (adj) = aware of who you are, what you do or how you feel

announce (v) = to make sth known or tell people about sth officially

float (v) = to move in the air

fear (n) = what you feel when you are frightened or worried

doubt (n) = a feeling of not being certain

sink (v) = to go down

land (v) = to come down through the air and rest on the ground or another surface

thud (n) = a dull heavy sound
perception (n) = the ability to see, hear or become aware of sth through the senses
spontaneously (adv) = in a natural way, not planned or forced
induce (v) = to cause to happen
alert (v) = to warn sb of a possibly dangerous situation
duplicate (v) = to make an exact copy of sth
pioneer (n) = a person who is one of the first people to do sth
thrilling (adj) = very exciting
startled (adj) = suddenly frightened or surprised by sth
perplexed (adj) = confused because you cannot understand sth
tip off (v) = give sb a warning or secret information about sth
conscious (adj) = noticing things around you

p. 94-95, Paper 1, Part 7

participate (v) = to take part in
proximity (n) = being near
appreciate (v) = to recognise the importance of sth and value it
worship (n) = the activity of showing respect and love for a god, e.g. by praying
manta ray (n) = a very large, flat sea fish
massive (adj) = very big
outstretched (adj) = reaching out as far as possible
fin (n) = a thin flat part of a fish's body that sticks out
rubberized (adj) = covered with rubber, latex
murky (adj) = dark and dirty or difficult to see through
caution (n) = great care and attention
maintain (v) = to keep at the same level
content (adj) = easy to say yes, willing
shadow (n) = an area of darkness that is created when sth blocks light
capture (v) = to attract sb and make them very interested
pure (adj) = clean, not polluted
slide (v) = to move smoothly along a surface
remarkable (adj) = unusual or special and worth mentioning
chameleon (n) = a small lizard that changes skin colour to match the colours around it
beckon (v) = to attract
vault (n) = a curved place like an arch
eel (n) = a fish that looks like a snake
gape (v) = to look at sb or sth showing you are very surprised
unfold (v) = to develop or become clear
convert (v) = to change sth from one form to another
vivid (adj) = producing strong, clear images in the mind
expat (expatriate) (n) = a person who lives outside their native country
pulse (n) = the central point of energy
frenzied (adj) = uncontrolled and excited, sometimes violent
pound (v) = to hit sth repeatedly and with a lot of force
bumpy (adj) = not smooth, uncomfortable
arid (adj) = dry and without many plants
relentless (adj) = continuing in a severe or extreme way
lagoon (n) = an area of sea water separated from the sea
harmless (adj) = not causing any harm, not dangerous
threatened (adj) = feeling in danger
habitat (n) = the natural environment in which an animal or plant usually lives
surround (v) = to be everywhere around sth
hyena (n) = a wild animal from Africa and Asia that looks like a dog and hunts in groups

social (adj) = sb who likes to meet and spend time with other people

reasonably (adv) = in a fair manner, not too highly

p. 96, Paper 2

overcome (v) = to succeed in controlling a problem
addiction (n) = a strong need to spend as much time as possible doing a particular activity
exceptional (adj) = extremely good or impressive
location (n) = a place
occasion (n) = a time at which sth happens
recommend (v) = to say to others that sth is good and worth trying
contribute (v) = to write articles for a newspaper, magazine, or book, to add sth in order to help

p. 97-99, Paper 3

butcher (n) = a person who sells meat
overhear (v) = to hear what other people are saying without intending to and without their knowledge
charge (v) = to ask an amount of money for sth
elsewhere (adv) = somewhere else
householder (n) = a person who has a house of his own or rents one
regular (adj) = happening or doing sth often
familiar (adj) = when you know sth well
memorial (n) = an object, often large and made of stone, which has been built to honour a famous person or event
bee (n) = a yellow and black flying insect that makes honey
primate (n) = a member of the most developed and intelligent group of mammals, including humans and monkeys
vowel (n) = a sound that you make when you speak without closing your mouth; the vowels in English are: a, e, o, i, u
accurately (adv) = exactly, without any mistakes
imitate (v) = to copy the speech or behaviour
demonstrate (v) = to show
contain (v) = to have sth inside or include as a part
unique (adj) = being the only existing one of its type, or very unusual or special in some way
arise (v) = to appear
due to = because of
develop (v) = to cause sth to grow or change into a stronger or more advanced form
divorced (adj) = sb who was married in the past but now is not married
particularly (adv) = very much
lottery (n) = a game in which tickets are sold to people who hope that they will win a prize if their numbers are chosen
charity (n) = a system of giving money, food or help free to those who are in need
overtime (n) = the extra hours sb does at work

TEST 4

p. 100, Paper 1, Part 1

wonder (v) = to ask yourself questions or express a wish to know sth

claim (v) = to say that sth is true even though there is no proof

branch (n) = part of an organisation

overdraw (v) = to take more money from your account than the money the account contains

provide (v) = to give

employment (n) = work that you are paid regularly to do for a person or company

performance (n) = the way sth, like a machine, works

improvement (n) = the state of being better than before

guidance (n) = advice about what you should do or how you should behave

demand (v) = to ask for sth forcefully, in a way that shows that you do not expect to be refused

range (n) = a number of different things

stock (n) = a supply of sth for use or sale

forecast (n) = a prediction

rate (n) = the number of times sth happens

roughly (adv) = used for showing that the amount, number, time, etc. is not exact

frankly (adv) = honestly

immediately (adv) = very quickly and without delay

smoothly (adv) = without problems

whether (conj) = expressing a choice between alternatives

however (adv) = used to introduce a statement that contrasts sth

although (conj) = even though, expressing contrast

course (n) = a set of classes or a plan of study on a particular subject, usually leading to an exam or qualification

subject (n) = sth that you learn at school, e.g. English, Maths etc.

chapter (n) = one of the sections into which a book is divided

p. 100, Paper 1, Part 2

Christmas Eve (n) = the day before Christmas Day

effort (n) = mental or physical activity needed to achieve sth

expense (n) = money that you spend in order to buy or do sth

steadily (adv) = gradually

fortune (n) = a large amount of money, goods or property

remove (v) = to take away

generous (adj) = giving money, help, etc., especially more than is expected

p. 101, Paper 1, Part 3

advance (n) = improvement or development

expertise (n) = a high level of knowledge or skill

among (prep) = within a group

bound (adj) = certain

catch (v) = arrest

caution (n) = great care and attention

ensure (v) = make sure

belongings (n) = the things that a person has, especially those that can be carried

identify (v) = to recognize sth

treasure (n) = a collection of valuable things

p. 101, Paper 1, Part 4

prohibited (adj) = forbidden, banned, not allowed

carelessness (n) = when you are not careful

it's a pity = used for saying that you are disappointed about sth

p. 102-103, Paper 1, Part 5

bend (v) = to move the top part of your body forwards and downwards

faint (adj) = not strong or clear

respond (v) = to reply or answer

salutation (n) = a word or phrase used for saying hello to sb

haggard (adj) = looking very tired, worried or ill

drop (v) = to move downwards

gaze (n) = a long look

bear (v) = to accept or tolerate, especially sth unpleasant

vacant (adj) = showing no interest

broad (adj) = wide

ray (n) = a line of light that comes from the sun

lap (n) = the top half of your legs above your knees when you sit down

labour (n) = work

common (adj) = ordinary

tool (n) = an object that you use with your hands to repair sth

scrap (n) = a small piece of sth such as paper or cloth

leather (n) = a strong material made from animal skin that is used for making shoes, bags etc.

bench (n) = a long table used by sb working with tools

beard (n) = hair that grows on a man's chin and cheeks

raggedly (adv) = not nicely

hollow (adj) = it seems to have sunk because you are thin, tired, or ill

exceedingly (adv) = extremely

remind (v) = to make sb remember or think of sth they have forgotten or might have forgotten

forward (adv) = towards the direction that is in front of you

occupy (v) = to keep sb busy

glance (v) = to give a quick short look

knuckle (n) = one of the joints in the hand where your fingers bend

hollow (n) = an enclosed space within sth

intermission (n) = a break

assuredly (adv) = certainly

lack (v) = to not have enough of sth

distinctive (adj) = easy to recognize because of being different

feature (n) = one of the parts of sb's face

ashamed (adj) = feeling embarrassed or guilty because you have done sth wrong

eager (adj) = when you really want to do sth

pride (n) = when you are proud of sb or sth

evasive (adj) = not direct or clear

hostile (adj) = not friendly at all

painfully (adv) = very

indifferent (adj) = not interested

unused (adj) = not familiar

p. 104-105, Paper 1, Part 6

poverty (n) = the state of being very poor

owe (v) = if you have borrowed money, you owe it and you need to pay it back

mortgage (n) = an agreement that allows you to borrow money from the bank in order to buy a house

enable (v) = to make sb able to do sth

otherwise (adv) = under different circumstances; when the conditions are different

repay (v) = pay back

interest (n) = money that is charged by a bank for borrowing money

commitment (n) = a promise to do sth

deeply (adv) = a lot

indebted (adj) = when you owe money

write off (v) = to remove sth

purpose (n) = reason

large-scale (adj) = large in size

infrastructure (n) = the basic systems and services of a country such as transport and power supplies

bankruptcy (n) = the situation when a business, for example, has no money so it cannot pay back the money it owes

divert (v) = to use sth for a purpose that is different from its original or main purpose

satisfy (v) = to please sb by giving them what they want

lender (n) = a person or a bank that lends money

on average = typically or usually

government (n) = the group of people who control a country

step in (v) = to become involved in order to help

aim (n) = target

impose (v) = to force a rule or a system

alter (v) = to change sth a little

strict (adj) = strict rules must be obeyed completely

measure (n) = action to achieve sth

hard currency (n) = money that is valuable and can be exchanged easily because it comes from a powerful country

export (n) = the business of selling goods to another country; a product that is sold to another country

reduce (v) = to make sth smaller or less in size, amount etc.

import (n) = the process of buying and bringing in products from other countries; a product from another country that is bought with money from your country

cash crop (n) = a crop that is grown in order to be sold

processed (adj) = food that has had some industrial or chemical treatment in order to preserve it, improve its taste, etc.

goods (n) = things for sale

costly (adj) = expensive

struggle (v) = to try hard to do sth that you find difficult

survive (v) = to manage to deal with sth difficult or unpleasant

launch (v) = to start a major activity

relief (n) = the right not to pay in full

initiative (n) = an important action that is intended to solve a problem

reduction (n) = making sth less

external (adj) = involving other countries

official (adj) = done by people in authority

donor (n) = sb who gives money or goods to an organisation, especially one that helps people

fulfil (v) = to satisfy the requirements of sb or sth

cancellation (n) = a decision to stop sth

corrupt (adj) = sb who does dishonest things to gain money or power

accumulate (v) = to gradually increase in number or amount

decline (n) = when sth becomes less

deepen (v) = to make sth increase or become more serious

p. 106 -107, Paper 1, Part 7

former (adj) = the one before the present time

insight (n) = a clear deep understanding

decade (n) = a period of ten years

influence (v) = to affect

specific (adj) = clear and exact

evolve (v) = to develop gradually

startle (v) = to do sth unexpectedly that surprises and sometimes worries a person

set out (v) = to start an activity with an aim

wield (v) = to have power or influence over a lot of power over people

industrialized (adj) = with developed industry

in the midst of = in the middle of

monetary (adj) = relating to a country's money

policy (n) = a set of plans or ideas agreed by a business, a government etc.

intertwine (v) = to be closely connected with sth else

staff (n) = the people who work for a particular company

perspective (n) = a way of thinking about sth

demise (n) = the time when sth stops existing

clarity (n) = when sth is clear

cooperation (n) = when people or organizations work together to achieve sth

elect (v) = to choose sb by voting

attempt (n) = when you try to do sth

shape (v) = to create; change the form of sth

finance (n) = the management of large amounts of money, especially by governments or large companies

context (n) = the general situation in which sth happens, which helps to explain it

innovative (adj) = new, original and advanced

field (n) = an area of activity or interest

significant (adj) = important

advanced (adj) = developed

contribution (n) = sth that you do that is useful

financial (adj) = involving money

deserve (v) = if you deserve sth, it is right that you get it, especially because of the way you have behaved

audience (n) = the people who watch or listen to a television or radio programme, or read a book

p. 108, Paper 2

extinct (adj) = not existing now

wildlife (n) = animals and birds that live in natural conditions

species (n) = a set of animals or plants that have similar characteristics

endangered (adj) = those who are in danger

hunt (v) = to chase and try to catch and kill animals for food or sport

publish (v) = to make information available to people, especially in a book, magazine or newspaper

issue (n) = a problem

testimonial (n) = a statement about the character or qualities of sb or sth

p. 109 -111, Paper 3

recovery (n) = getting better after being ill

luggage (n) = the bags or cases that you take with you when you travel

region (n) = a large area of land whose politics or geography is different from others

office supplies (n) = things that you use in an office

newsagent's (n) = a shop that sells magazines, newspapers, etc.

conspirator (n) = sb who secretly makes a plan with another person or group to do sth bad or illegal

basement (n) = the part of the building that is partly or completely below the level of the ground

barrel (n) = a round wooden, metal, or plastic container with a flat top or bottom, used for storing liquids

keep a look-out (v) = to watch carefully for sth or sb in order to avoid danger

well-known (adj) = known by many people

get along (v) = if two or more people get along, they like each other and are friendly to each other

celebration (n) = a special social event, e.g. a party

vegetarian (n) = a person who does not eat meat

ingredient (n) = one of the foods or liquids that are used to make a dish

ancient (adj) = relating to sth that existed thousands of years ago

ground (adj) = when sth is made into very small pieces or powder by crashing it

almond (n) = a type of nut

reception (n) = the quality of picture or sound that you get on a television, on a phone, etc.

valid (adj) = legally accepted

Vocabulary Exercises

Exercise A: Choose the correct option (a, b, c or d) which best fits each sentence.

- | | | |
|---|--------------|--|
| <p>1. He is a(n) religious person.</p> <p>a. otherwise c. smoothly</p> <p>b. deeply d. steadily</p> | <p>.....</p> | <p>2. Our customers will be impressed by the of our highly trained employees.</p> <p>a. expertise c. treasure</p> <p>b. caution d. scrap</p> |
|---|--------------|--|

Exercise B: Fill in the blanks in the following sentences using words from the box below. There are two extra words in the box you do not need to use. You cannot change the words.

- | | | | | | |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|------------|------------|-------------|
| a. policy | b. recovery | c. relief | d. purpose | e. insight | f. mortgage |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|------------|------------|-------------|

1. The doctors believe that he will make a full soon.
2. It is the company's to employ local people.
3. The article helped me to gain a(n) into the problem.
4. They took out a £80,000 to buy a house.

Exercise C: Fill in the definitions using words from the box below. There are two extra words in the box that you do not need to use.

- | | | | | | |
|-----------|-------------|---------------|------------|-----------|---------|
| a. reduce | b. overdraw | c. accumulate | d. startle | e. glance | f. bear |
|-----------|-------------|---------------|------------|-----------|---------|

1. means to take more money from your account than the money it contains.
2. is to accept or tolerate, especially something unpleasant.
3. means to give a quick short look.
4. is to gradually increase in number or amount.

Exercise D: Fill in the charts with the derivatives of the given **adjectives**. Then provide one synonym and one antonym.

	Verb	Noun	Adjective	Adverb
1.			different	
2.			satisfactory	
3.			imposing	
4.			corruptible	

		Synonym	Antonym
1.	different		
2.	satisfactory		
3.	imposing		
4.	corruptible		

Exercise E: Write 4 sentences using the following words: **incorruptible**, **unimpressive**, **similar**, **unsatisfactory**. You must write one sentence for each of these words. Use between 6 and 15 words in each sentence.

1.
2.
3.
4.

TEST 5

p. 112, Paper 1, Part 1

argue (v) = to speak angrily to sb, telling that person that you disagree with them

face (v) = to deal with

compete (v) = to try to be more successful than sb else

namely (adv) = used when you want to give more detail or be more exact about sth you have just said

cloakroom (n) = a room in a public building where people can leave their coats

disabled (adj) = sb who cannot use part of their body because of injury or disease

in addition = also, besides

access (v) = to enter or to get

suggest (v) = to mention an idea or a plan for other people to think about

display (n) = a collection of objects or pictures for people to look at

shelf (n) = a long flat board fixed against a wall or inside a cupboard so that objects can be stored on it

case (n) = a container or box for storing things in

solution (n) = the answer to a problem

p. 112, Paper 1, Part 2

delightful (adj) = very pleasant

towering (adj) = very tall

oak tree (n) = a type of tree

charming (adj) = pleasant and attractive

shady (adj) = not having direct light from the sun

woods (n) = an area of land covered with trees

brook (n) = a very small river

wooden (adj) = made of wood

pleasant (adj) = friendly, likeable

scenery (n) = the general appearance of the natural environment, especially when it is beautiful

acquire (v) = to get sth

confess (v) = to admit sth about yourself that you would not normally tell people

unwilling (adj) = if you are unwilling to do sth, you do not want to do it

refuse (v) = to say that you will not accept sth or sb

p. 113, Paper 1, Part 3

province (n) = one of the many areas into which some countries are divided

representative (n) = sb who has been chosen to represent sb else, a group of people, their country, etc.

obsess (v) = to think about sth all the time

dread (v) = to feel very worried about sth that might happen

applause (n) = the sound of people clapping their hands to show that they enjoyed sth

commercialise (v) = to organise sth to make a profit

wealthy (adj) = rich

innocent (adj) = having no knowledge of the unpleasant and evil things in life

destroy (v) = to ruin sth

p. 113, Paper 1, Part 4

trainers (n) = a type of light and comfortable shoes for playing sports

genuine (adj) = real, not pretended or false

take care of (v) = to look after sb or sth

p. 114-115, Paper 1, Part 5

deck (n) = the outside top part of a ship that you walk on

intensity (n) = strength

chill (n) = a feeling of cold

crown jewel (n) = the most important thing

lodge (n) = a small house in the country used by people who go there on holiday or do sports

landmark (n) = a famous place that is easily recognized

wilds (n) = an area where people do not live or cannot live

pin sb down (v) = to force sb to stay somewhere because it is difficult to leave

chase (v) = to force sb to do sth

backcountry (n) = a mountainous area away from a city

undulating (adj) = moving gently up and down

tinged (adj) = containing a small amount of sth, e.g. colour

subtle (adj) = not bright or obvious

ripple (v) = to move in small waves

vary (v) = to be different

subdued (adj) = not very bright

outrageously (adv) = in an extremely unusual manner, shockingly

intense (adj) = very strong

surge (n) = a sudden movement of sth; a sudden increase of sth

ghostly (adj) = faint, pale

expanse (n) = a large area of land, water or sky

accentuate (v) = to emphasize sth

mind-blowing (adj) = fantastic, excellent

spectacle (n) = sth that is exciting to watch

shiver (v) = to shake because you feel cold, ill or frightened

bundled up (adj) = wearing many warm clothes

gear (n) = clothes

mesmerizing (adj) = very attractive, in a mysterious way, making you want to keep looking

sprawl (v) = to cover a large area

perennial (adj) = lasting a very long time or happening all the time

patch (n) = a small area that is different from the area around it

valley (n) = a low area of land between mountains or hills, often with a river running through it

elaborate (adj) = detailed in design and planning

infrastructure (n) = the basic systems and services, such as transport and power supplies, that a country or an organisation uses in order to work effectively

prime (adj) = the best or the most important

vantage point (n) = a position from which you can see things well

heavenly (adj) = relating to the sky, the moon, the stars

glean (v) = to collect information in small amounts
familiar (adj) = well-known to you or easily recognised by you
distract (v) = to make sb stop giving their attention to sth
awe (n) = a feeling of great respect sometimes mixed with fear or surprise
nearby (adv) = not far away
primitive (adj) = basic, unpleasant and uncomfortable
worthwhile (adj) = very good, useful and good enough for the money or time spent

p. 116-117, Paper 1, Part 6

dwindling (v) = becoming smaller in size or amount, or fewer in number
decrease (v) = to become less
humpback whale (n) = a whale with a hump
issue (v) = to give sth out officially
permit (n) = an official document that allows you to do sth
forbid (v) = not to allow sth
sustainable (adj) = causing little or no damage to the environment
incidental (adj) = accidentally happening as a result of an activity
lethal (adj) = causing death
contentious (adj) = causing people to argue, controversial
opponent (n) = sb who disagrees with an idea or a plan and tries to change it
purportedly (adv) = it is said to be real or true, but not proved
dispute (v) = to disagree with sth that sb says
illegal (adj) = not allowed by law
authorities (n) = a group of people with legal power to do things or make decisions
criminal (n) = related to crime
proceedings (n) = legal action used to solve a problem
sequencing (n) = a process in Biology where the DNA is examined
forensics (n) = scientific and medical work that is related to criminal investigations
presumably (adv) = used to say that what you think is the likely situation
transparent (adj) = obvious, manifest, easy to see
robust (adj) = strong and successful
lifespan (n) = the time a person or animal lives or is expected to live
moratorium (n) = an official agreement to stop an activity temporarily

p. 118-119, Paper 1, Part 7

incorporation (n) = adding sth as a part of sth else
dome (n) = a roof shaped like the top half of a ball
mausoleum (n) = a large impressive tomb
mirror (v) = to show a reflection of sth
burial (n) = the act of putting a dead body into the ground
stainless steel (n) = a type of steel containing chromium that is not damaged by air or water and does not change its colour
scrape (v) = to remove the top layer of sth
masonry (n) = stonework; the brick or stones that make a building or a wall

imprisoned (adj) = kept in prison
enslaved (adj) = having become a slave
condemn (v) = to criticize strongly
sterile (adj) = having no imagination or new ideas
conventional (adj) = traditional and ordinary
reject (v) = not to accept sth or not to believe in sth
rationalism (n) = the belief that actions should be based on reasons and not on emotions
functional (adj) = practical and useful
inaudible (adj) = unable to be heard

p. 120, Paper 2

agricultural (adj) = related to farming
commercial (adj) = related to buying and selling things
regenerate (v) = to grow again
contribute (v) = to help to cause
greenhouse effect (n) = the process in which heat is unable to escape from the atmosphere and causes the temperature of the earth to rise
satisfied (adj) = happy with sth
environmental (adj) = related to the environment or the natural world
associate with (v) = to connect with, or relate to
responsible (adj) = sth that is controlled so that it does not cause problems
means of transport (n) = the vehicles you use to get from one place to another, e.g. cars, buses etc.

p. 121-123, Paper 3

bride (n) = the woman who is getting married
groom (n) = the man who is getting married
complain (v) = to say that you are not happy about sth or sb
dominate (v) = to have control; to be the largest
tortoise (n) = an animal with a thick hard shell that can move its head and legs into for protection and moves slowly
canary (n) = a small yellow bird that is well known for its singing
disturb (v) = to interrupt
agreeable (adj) = pleasing

TEST 6

p. 124, Paper 1, Part 1

essential (adj) = absolutely necessary

clue (n) = a sign, evidence of sth

conservation area (n) = an area protected by law against undesirable changes

maintenance (n) = the work needed to keep sth, such as a building, in good condition

refresh (v) = to make sb less hot or tired

recall (v) = to bring the memory of a past event into your mind

restore (v) = to return sth to an earlier good condition

remind (v) = to make sb think of sth they have forgotten

glory (n) = great beauty

reliable (adj) = easy to trust

annual (adj) = happening once every year

excitable (adj) = easily and often becoming excited

notable (adj) = important and deserving attention

p. 124, Paper 1, Part 2

rather (adv) = quite, to a slight degree

foolish (adj) = unwise, stupid

awkward (adj) = embarrassed or nervous

wave (v) = to say hello or goodbye by moving your hand

knock down (v) = to hit sb with a vehicle

p. 125, Paper 1, Part 3

frustrate (v) = to make sb feel annoyed and less confident because they cannot achieve what they want

anticipate (v) = expect

spoil (v) = to destroy the pleasure or the beauty of sth

make a reservation = to book sth such as a hotel

confidence (n) = the belief that you are able to do things well

avoid (v) = to try to prevent sth from happening

loneliness (n) = when you feel sad because you are alone, without friends or family

homesick (adj) = when you miss your home

p. 126-127, Paper 1, Part 5

notion (n) = idea

fuel (v) = to make sth stronger

shift (n) = a change

usher in (v) = to introduce, to cause to come

era (n) = a period of time that has a particular character

assistant professor (n) = a professor's assistant

pave the way = to create a situation that makes it possible or easier for sth to happen

attitude (n) = your behaviour towards sth

surveillance (n) = watching a person or place

consumer (n) = sb who buys and uses goods and services

participant (n) = sb who takes part in sth

productive (adj) = resulting in a large amount of sth; having positive results

initially (adv) = firstly

several (adj) = a number of

queue (n) = a line of people waiting for sth

snake (v) = to have the shape of a snake

reconfigure (v) = change the structure or arrangement of sth

gather (v) = to collect

dissolve (v) = to end sth

pervasive (adj) = present or noticeable in every part of a thing or a place

cast (n) = the people in a film, play or show

constantly (adv) = all the time or often

connote (v) = to suggest, imply

honesty (n) = being honest and truthful

withstand (v) = to bear, to be able to deal with sth

clamour (v) = to make a loud complaint or demand

encourage (v) = to make sb more likely to do sth

surface (adj) = what you can see, which is not always the truth

glamour (n) = the special, exciting and attractive quality of a person, place or activity

convey (v) = to communicate ideas or feelings indirectly

reflect (v) = to show sth

cultural (adj) = related to culture

trend (n) = a fashion; a general direction in which sth is changing

inspect (v) = to look at sth carefully in order to discover information

harmless (adj) = causing no problems or no harm

concern (n) = worry

unavoidable (adj) = you cannot avoid it

p. 128-129, Paper 1, Part 6

notorious (adj) = famous for sth bad

serial killer (n) = sb who kills several people one after the other often in the same way

catapult (v) = to throw with great force

splash (v) = to show

sociological (adj) = about the way the society is organized and how people behave

rapid (adj) = fast

significant (adj) = important

milestone (n) = an important event in the history of sth or in sb's life

contemporary (adj) = existing or happening now

celebrity (n) = sb who is famous or the state of being famous

plunge (v) = to become lower in value or level suddenly and quickly

obscurity (n) = the state of not being known to many people

magnitude (n) = the large size or importance of sth

debut (n) = when sb performs or presents sth to the public for the first time

sensation (n) = excitement

spiral (v) = to increase faster and faster

pique the interest = to make sb interested in

superficiality (n) = when you do not think about things that are serious or important

impose (v) = to force sb to accept sth

aesthetically (adv) = related to beauty

dubious (adj) = not certain

vocalist (n) = a singer

lip-synch (v) = to pretend that you are singing but in fact you are only moving your lips

ubiquitous (adj) = seeming to be everywhere

frumpy (adj) = old-fashioned and not attractive
lure (v) = to make sb believe sth that is not true based on first impressions
utterly (adv) = completely
confound (v) = to confuse and surprise sb, so that they are unable to explain a situation
soaring (adj) = rising
triumph (v) = to have a great success
underdog (n) = sb with less power; the weakest one
churn out (v) = to produce large amounts of sth quickly, usually sth of low quality
prolific (adj) = producing a great number or amount of sth
inspire (v) = to make sb have a particular strong feeling
horror (n) = a strong feeling of fear
gruesome (adj) = extremely unpleasant and shocking
spawn (v) = to produce
countless (adj) = too many to be counted
merchandise (n) = goods that are bought and sold
(much) sought after (adj) = wanted by many people
profound (adj) = deep, extreme
instantaneous (adj) = happening instantly
pursue (v) = follow; try to get
spree (n) = a short period of time, doing a specific activity
acute (adj) = very serious or severe
thrust (v) = to push suddenly and strongly
limelight (n) = public attention and interest
convince (v) = to persuade sb or make sb certain
lucrative (adj) = producing a lot of money
inglorious (adj) = causing shame; not famous
pioneer (n) = a person who is one of the first people to do sth
urban (adj) = of or in a city or town
troupe (n) = a group of performers who work and travel together
amid (prep) = in the middle of or surrounded by
rumour (n) = unofficial information that might not be true
backstage (n) = behind the stage in a theatre or in the rooms where actors change clothes
meltdown (n) = when you lose control and cannot deal with a situation

p. 130 -131, Paper 1, Part 7

commercialism (n) = the attitude that emphasizes money
indicate (v) = to show
release (n) = first time a film is shown in cinemas
comment (v) = to make comments, to express your opinion
irresponsible (adj) = not thinking enough or not worrying about the possible results of what you do
essential (adj) = absolutely necessary
brief (adj) = lasting only a short time
off-handedly (adv) = without previous thought or preparation
throwaway (n) = sth that sb says without thinking carefully and is not intended to be serious
encounter (n) = a meeting, especially one that happens by chance
boggle (v) = to have difficulty imagining or understanding sth
blink (v) = to close and then open your eyes quickly once or several times
perversely = in a strange way and not in a way that most people would expect

moving (adj) = causing strong feelings of sadness or sympathy
blatantly (adv) = in an obvious way, openly, without feeling ashamed
violate (v) = to break a law, an agreement, etc.
therefore (adv) = for that reason
warped (adj) = strange or frightening
precariously (adv) = in an uncertain way; it will possibly change
collapse (v) = to become unable to work correctly
betrayal (n) = when you are not loyal to your country or to a person and you do sth that helps the enemy
self-destruction (n) = when you do sth to harm yourself
contemporary (adj) = existing or happening now
fairy tale (n) = a traditional story for children
aspect (n) = one part of a situation, problem, subject, etc.
snappy (adj) = clever
bleach out (v) = to remove sth
implication (n) = the effect, the result of an action
greed (n) = a strong wish to have more money, things, or power than you really need
beyond the scope = outside the limits of sth
sharpen (v) = to make sth stronger
ironic (adj) = showing that you really mean the opposite of what you are saying
satirical (adj) = criticizing people or ideas in a humorous way
bleak (adj) = sad and without hope
acknowledge (v) = to accept that sth is true or exists
reinforce (v) = to make sth stronger
epic (adj) = amazing
visual (adj) = related to seeing
overall (adj) = considering everything and everyone
impeccable (adj) = perfect, without bad parts
flawless (adj) = perfect, without mistakes
ignorance (n) = a lack of knowledge of sth
tarnished (adj) = when sth, especially metal, has become less bright or has changed colour
no trespassing = not allowed to enter the place
electrifying (adj) = extremely exciting
stunning (adj) = very impressive or beautiful
riveted (adj) = not being able to stop looking at sth because it is so interesting or frightening
exuberant (adj) = very energetic
bristle with (v) = to have a lot of
spontaneity (n) = behaviour that is natural and not planned or thought about
erect (v) = to build or put up a structure; to create a system or theory
intimate (adj) = close, personal

p. 132, Paper 2

out-dated (adj) = old and no longer useful or correct
perspective (n) = the way you think about sth
terrific (adj) = excellent
user (n) = the person who uses sth

TEST 7

p. 136, Paper 1, Part 1

retrospective (adj) = relating to or thinking about the past

childishness (n) = when sb behaves like a child

kindergarten (n) = the school for children under five

childhood (n) = the part of your life when you are a child

infantry (n) = the part of an army that fights on foot

texture (n) = the way that sth feels when you touch it

pure (adj) = not mixed with anything else

abstraction (n) = a form of art that does not show the physical appearance of things

probably (adv) = very likely

intensely (adv) = very much

rarely (adv) = not often

directly (adv) = with nobody else or nothing else between

likely (adj) = probably going to happen or probably true

timely (adj) = happening at the most suitable time

commercially (adv) = in a way that is related to profit; in order to be sold

p. 136, Paper 1, Part 2

rush (v) = to move quickly towards sb, especially in order to attack them

desperate (adj) = done because you can think of no other way

revolver (n) = a small gun that holds several bullets

ceremony (n) = formal polite behaviour

wound (n) = a damaged area of the body such as a cut or a hole in the skin

bullet (n) = a small metal object that is shot from a gun

sword (n) = a weapon with a long metal blade that looks like a very big knife, used especially in the past

p. 137, Paper 1, Part 3

retirement (n) = when you stop working because you are old

opt for (v) = to choose sth

objection (n) = when you do not agree with sth

p. 138 -139, Paper 1, Part 5

treble (adj) = three times greater in amount, number, or size

decade (n) = the period of ten years

intertwine (v) = to be twisted together or to be connected so as to be difficult to separate

matter (v) = to be important

stretch (v) = to cover a large area

dawning (n) = the beginning of sth

conflict (n) = disagreement or fighting

lessen (v) = to make sth less

affairs (n) = matters of public interest

found (v) = to start an organisation, a company, etc.

continent (n) = one of the seven main areas of land on the Earth, such as Africa, Asia or Europe

internal (adj) = existing or happening within a country

prosperous (adj) = rich and successful

currency (n) = the system of money used in a country

take place (v) = to happen

revolution (n) = a sudden or major change, especially in ideas or methods

gap (n) = a large difference between two groups of people

faraway (adj) = very distant; remote

meaningful (adj) = useful, serious and important

critical (adj) = expressing an opinion when you think that sb or sth is wrong

pessimistic (adj) = thinking that the worst thing will happen in every situation

p. 140-141, Paper 1, Part 6

hopeless (adj) = very

associate with (v) = to relate two things or people in your mind

thaw (n) = a period of warm weather that turns snow or ice into water

set in (v) = to start happening and having an effect, not likely to stop for a long time

gale (n) = a very strong wind

blizzard (n) = a storm with a lot of snow and strong winds

blast (v) = to destroy

expectant (adj) = thinking that sth pleasant or exciting is going to happen

hopeful (n) = a person hoping to succeed

extreme (n) = one of two things which are as different as possible

folk (also folks) (n) = people

loyalty (n) = faithfulness towards sb or sth

optimism (n) = being positive about the future

bound (n) = limit

accumulated (adj) = gradually increased in number or amount

blazing (adj) = very hot

bulging (adj) = larger or fuller than normal

humble (adj) = low in importance, status or condition

infectious (adj) = making other people feel the same or behave in the same way

passion (n) = a very strong feeling about sth

spell (v) = have as a result

resist (v) = to stop yourself from doing sth that you would very much like to do

urge (n) = a strong desire

capacity (n) = the amount that a container or building can hold

overflow (v) = to be filled, more than can be handled

freak (n, used as a modifier here) = sth that is very unusual and unexpected

saddened (adj) = sad and unhappy

sled (n) = sth you use to travel on snow

toboggan (n) = a type of sled

content (n) = the state of being happy

take a battering = to suffer very badly

tough (adj) = difficult to damage or break

innocent (adj) = harmless

delight (n) = happiness, pleasure

woes (n) = great problems or troubles

ensemble (n) = a group of things that combine well together

bumper season (n) = a very large or successful season

write off (v) = to decide that sth will not succeed and so to stop giving them your attention

defy (v) = to resist or to refuse to obey

confound (v) = to make sb feel surprised or confused, especially by not behaving in the way they expect

bonnie (also bonny) (adj) = attractive or beautiful (Scottish and Northern English)

wreck (v) = to destroy sth

slope (n) = a piece of land that is high at one end and low at the other

p. 142-143, Paper 1, Part 7

background (n) = a person's education, experience, culture or social position

effect (n) = influence

threaten (v) = to be likely to cause harm or damage

achievement (n) = sth very good and difficult that you have succeeded in doing

ancestor (n) = a person related to you who lived a long time ago

perch (v) = to be on the edge of sth

in close proximity = near

immensely (adv) = very much

inspiring (adj) = encouraging, or making you want to do sth

reminder (n) = sth that makes you remember an event or a situation

forefathers (n) = ancestors

diversity (n) = the fact that very different people exist within a group

stem from (v) = come from

harmony (n) = a situation in which people live and work well with other people

abandon (v) = to give up, to leave sth, not to have sth anymore

sceptical (adj) = doubting that sth is true or useful

isolated (adj) = having minimal contact with others

wealthy (adj) = rich

chequered (adj) = having had both successful and unsuccessful periods in your past

second-to-none = the best

marvel (v) = to admire sth

in abundance = having more than enough

forever (adv) = for all time in the future

corruption (n) = dishonest or immoral behaviour, usually by people who have important positions

wrongdoing (n) = a bad or an illegal action

p. 144, Paper 2

widespread (adj) = affecting a lot of places or people

starvation (n) = a situation in which you become ill or die because you do not have enough food

cheerful (adj) = behaving in a happy and friendly way

reimburse (v) = to give sb the same amount of money they have spent, for example on sth connected with their work

contract (n) = a written legal agreement between two people or organisations

p. 145-147, Paper 3

misbehave (v) = to behave badly

fracture (n) = a break or crack in a bone

be composed of (v) = consist of

bone marrow (n) = the soft red thing inside the spaces in bones

procedure (n) = the correct or usual way of doing sth

mend (v) = to fix sth

leaking (adj) = allowing water to come out when it should not

tap (n) = the part at the end of a pipe that controls water

ironing (n) = the activity of making clothes smooth using an iron

colleague (n) = sb that you work with

indifferent (adj) = not interested

ownership (n) = the state or the right of possessing sth, being the owner of sth

redundancy (n) = a situation in which sb loses their job because their employer does not need them

silverware (n) = knives, forks, spoons, dishes, etc. made from silver

TEST 8

p. 148, Paper 1, Part 1

affordable (adj) = not expensive
costly (adj) = expensive
priceless (adj) = very valuable
commuter (n) = sb who travels regularly to and from work
applicable (adj) = relevant or appropriate
exterior (adj) = related to the outside part of sth
worthless (adj) = having no value in money
unbeatable (adj) = better than anything else
destination (n) = the place where sb or sth is going
outing (n) = a trip taken for pleasure, especially one lasting a day or less
consume (v) = to use sth
conduct (v) = to do sth in an organised way
unsightly (adj) = a polite word for ugly
ruined (adj) = destroyed
terrifying (adj) = extremely frightening

p. 148, Paper 1, Part 2

revenge (n) = sth that you do to hurt or punish sb because they have hurt you
insulting (adj) = rude or offensive
swear (v) = to promise very strongly and sincerely that you will do sth
avenge oneself (v) = take revenge
patiently (adv) = waiting for a long time without becoming angry or upset
sacrifice (v) = to kill a person or an animal as part of a ceremony, or offer them to gods, (used metaphorically here)
weakness (n) = the state of not being strong or powerful
sincere (adj) = honest

p. 150-151, Paper 1, Part 5

paradox (n) = a situation which is difficult to understand because it contains two opposite facts or characteristics
legendary (adj) = very famous and admired or spoken about
discipline (n) = the action of controlling people's behaviour using rules and punishments
effective (adj) = working well and producing the result you want
consequence (n) = the result of an action
decline (n) = becoming less or worse
belligerent (adj) = wishing to fight or argue
disrespectful (adj) = not showing respect
norm (n) = sth that is usual or expected
relevant (adj) = connected with sth
consider (v) = to think about sth seriously
intact (adj) = not harmed or damaged in any way; complete
struggle (v) = to try very hard to do sth difficult
unstable (adj) = not firm, not strong, likely to change
frustration (n) = feeling annoyed because you cannot achieve what you want

cry (n) = behaviour that shows that there is a great need for sth
plea (n) = an urgent and emotional request for sth
extracurricular (adj) = an activity that is not part of the usual school or college course
devote (v) = to spend a lot of time doing sth
peer (n) = sb who is the same age as you
praise (n) = things that you say that express your admiration for sth
justify (v) = to give or be a good reason for
outright (adv) = completely
desperately (adv) = when needing or wanting sth very much
guidance (n) = help or advice
outperform (v) = to do better than others
recreational (adj) = activities that you do for enjoyment when you are not working

p. 152-153, Paper 1, Part 6

narrate (v) = to tell a story, or to describe events as they happen
dumbstruck (adj) = so shocked that you cannot speak
ritual (n) = a set of fixed actions that are performed regularly, especially as part of a ceremony
chainsaw (n) = sth that has metal teeth-like parts on a chain and you use it to cut down trees
camera shutter (n) = sth that controls the light on a camera
medley (n) = a mixture of things
peculiar (adj) = very strange
illustration (n) = an example
ornithologist (n) = a person who studies birds
temptation (n) = a feeling that you want to do or have sth although you know that you should not
upcoming (adj) = happening soon
indigenous (adj) = naturally existing in a place, native
contain (v) = to control (a feeling)
enlist (v) = to ask for and get help or support from sb
plumage (n) = a bird's covering of feathers
reveal (v) = to cause sth to be seen
duck (v) = to lower your head or body quickly so as not to be seen or hit
betray (v) = to be evidence of sth or show sth accidentally
chuckle (n) = a quiet laugh
remain (v) = to continue to be in the same state
undetected (adj) = not noticed
dawn on (v) = if a fact dawns on you, you understand it after a period of not understanding it
witness (v) = to see sth happen
mimicry (n) = the action of imitating sb or sth
first-hand (adv) = from personal experience
captivate (v) = to attract or interest sb very much
exhibition (n) = showing a skill to others
whisper (v) = to speak very quietly so that other people cannot hear
fool (v) = to trick sb
glimpse (n) = a quick look

p. 154-155, Paper 1, Part 7

sunscreen (n) = a cream that you put on your skin to protect it from the sun

stormy (adj) = with a lot of rain and strong winds

prospects (n) = chances of success

right on cue = as if it was planned to happen exactly at that moment

sweep (v) = to move or spread quickly

plummet (v) = to suddenly become much lower

the latter half = the second half of sth

front (n) = the forward edge of a mass of air coming

encroach (v) = to gradually cover more and more of an area; to intrude

precipitation (n) = water that falls from the clouds, especially as rain or snow

nudge (v) = to gently push sth or move gradually and slowly towards a direction

continuation (n) = a situation in which sth continues without stopping

persistent (adj) = continuing to exist, especially for longer than you would like

swollen (adj) = a swollen river contains more water than normal as a result of heavy rain or snow that has melted

bank (n) = the land along the side of a river

spell (n) = a short period

swimming trunks (n) = a piece of clothing that boys and men wear for swimming

depression (n) = a region of lowering atmospheric pressure

sinister (adj) = threatening to do sth bad

interrupt (v) = to make sth stop for a period of time

p. 157-159, Paper 3

literature (n) = books, poems, etc. that are considered to be art

delay (v) = a situation in which a plane, a train, etc. leaves or arrives late

meteor (n) = a large piece of rock from space that passes into the Earth's atmosphere and appears as a bright light in the sky

chunk (n) = a large thick piece of sth

gravity (n) = the force that makes objects fall to the ground

presume (v) = to think that sth is probably true although you are not certain

suicide (n) = the action of killing oneself intentionally

according to = as said by sb

suspicious (adj) = feeling that sb or sth cannot be trusted

TEST 9

p. 160, Paper 1, Part 1

hostel (n) = a type of cheap hotel

vary (v) = if things vary, they are different from each other

foundation (n) = creating or establishing an organisation

imposing (adj) = looking important or causing admiration

boast (v) = to talk too proudly about sth good that you have done or that you own

diverse (adj) = different or having many different types of things

commentary (n) = words that explain sth more

caricature (n) = a drawing of sb that makes them look silly by emphasizing some of their features

p. 160, Paper 1, Part 2

knot (n) = a point where a string or rope is tied together

familiar (adj) = well-known to you or easily recognized by you

a forest of sth = a lot of tall narrow objects together that look like a forest

insect (n) = a small creature with many legs, e.g. a bee or a spider

p. 161, Paper 1, Part 3

effective (adj) = getting the result that you want

pharmacy (n) = a shop that prepares and sells medicines; chemist's

pharmacist (n) = sb who prepares or sells medicines

swollen (adj) = increased in size as a result of an injury or illness

ankle (n) = the part at the bottom of your leg where your foot joins your leg

inflamed (adj) = red, hot and painful because of an infection

inflammation (n) = condition in which part of the body is red, hot or painful because of infection

severe (adj) = very serious and worrying

p. 162-163, Paper 1, Part 5

corporation (n) = a large company

primarily (adv) = mainly

determine (v) = to discover the truth about sth

adjust (v) = to change sth slightly to make it fit or work better

undeniably (adv) = certainly true

estimated (adj) = guessed, believed to be, calculated roughly

in spite of = despite

generate (v) = to cause sth to exist

longevity (n) = living for a long time, long life

life expectancy (n) = the length of time that a living thing is likely to live

pore over (v) = to look at and study sth (a book, a document, etc.) carefully

quit (v) = to stop doing sth

impact (n) = an effect, influence

transparent (adj) = clear, open and honest

revenue (n) = the income that a company receives regularly

pharmaceutical (adj) = connected with the production of medicines

skirt (v) = to avoid dealing with

scam (n) = an illegal plan for making money by tricking people

prioritise (v) = to decide which of a group of things are the most important so that you can deal with them first

adopt (v) = to start doing or using sth new

better off = in a better position, richer

pill (n) = a small, round, hard piece of medicine that you swallow

supplement (n) = sth taken in order to improve sb's diet

address (v) = to think about and begin to deal with

complexity (n) = being complicated

random (adj) = chosen without any particular method or pattern

treatment (n) = a method or type of medical care

p. 164-165, Paper 1, Part 6

relatively (adv) = quite, when compared with other things or people

youthful (adj) = young

proportion (n) = a part of a total

likewise (adv) = in the same way or in a similar way

incidental (adj) = happening by chance in connection with sth else

pattern (n) = a particular way that sth is often done or repeated

unprecedented (adj) = never having happened or existed in the past

fertility (n) = being able to produce young

stabilise (v) = to become fixed and stop changing

access (n) = the right or opportunity to have or use sth that will bring you benefits

migration (n) = movement of people to a new area or country in order to find work or better living conditions

occur (v) = to happen

inevitable (adj) = impossible to avoid or prevent

a cause for concern = sth that makes you worry about a situation

workforce (n) = the group of people who work in a company, industry, country, etc.

deficit (n) = the total amount by which money spent is more than money received

substantially (adv) = very much

income tax (n) = money that the government takes from the money that you earn

dimension (n) = an aspect of a situation

enormous (adj) = very large

expenditure (n) = the total amount of money that a government or a person spends

entire (adj) = the whole

allocate (v) = to give sth to sb as their share of a total amount, to use in a particular way

welfare (n) = money or help that a government gives to people who are poor or do not have jobs

contemplate (v) = to think about sth seriously and for a long time

pension (n) = money that is given to a person who has stopped working because he or she is old or ill

project (v) = to predict

hence (adv) = therefore, for this reason

approach (n) = a particular way of thinking about or dealing with sth

p. 166 -167, Paper 1, Part 7

verify (v) = to prove that sth is true

porch (n) = an area covered by a roof in front of the house

swing (n) = a seat that has ropes or chains, on which sb (especially children) can sit and go back and forth

prevalent (adj) = existing very commonly or happening often

vinyl (n) = a type of strong plastic

fort (n) = a strong building, often with a high wall around it, used by soldiers for defending a place

crawl (v) = to move forwards using your hands and knees

crib (n) AMERICAN = a small bed with high sides that a baby sleeps in; BRITISH cot

sun-drenched (adj) = very sunny

financial (adj) = relating to money

restraint (n) = limit

donation (n) = money or goods that you give to an organisation, especially one that helps people

p. 169-171, Paper 3

inconveniently (adv) = in a way that is causing problems or difficulties

entirely (adv) = completely

transport (v) = to move things or people from one place to another

purpose (n) = aim, target

rosewood (n) = a hard dark wood used especially for making high quality furniture

flight attendant (n) = sb whose job is to look after passengers on a plane

Vocabulary Exercises

Exercise A: Choose the correct option (a, b, c or d) which best fits each sentence.

1. He woke up paralysed and in pain.
 a. severe c. inflamed
 b. swollen d. effective

2. The doctor suggested to cover up for the vitamins needed.
 a. treatments c. pills
 b. supplements d. deficits

Exercise B: Fill in the blanks in the following sentences using words from the box below. There are two extra words in the box you do not need to use. You cannot change the words.

- | | | | | | |
|--------------|-----------|------------|-------------|------------|----------|
| a. transport | b. verify | c. project | d. allocate | e. address | f. adopt |
|--------------|-----------|------------|-------------|------------|----------|

1. After re-arranging the closet she managed to more space for storage.
2. The government does not intend to any of these reports.
3. I believe that they are not ready to the issue effectively.
4. The researcher decided to a new technique that looks more promising.

Exercise C: Fill in the definitions using words from the box below. There are two extra words in the box that you do not need to use.

- | | | | | | |
|--------------|-------------|------------|----------------|------------|---------------|
| a. restraint | b. approach | c. welfare | d. expenditure | e. deficit | f. proportion |
|--------------|-------------|------------|----------------|------------|---------------|

1. means a part of a total.
2. is the money that a government gives to people.
3. refers to a limit imposed on something.
4. is a particular way of dealing with something.

Exercise D: Fill in the charts with the derivatives of the given **adjectives**. Then provide one synonym and one antonym.

	Verb	Noun	Adjective	Adverb
1.			imposing	
2.			familiar	
3.			relative	
4.			prevalent	

		Synonym	Antonym
1.	imposing		
2.	familiar		
3.	relative		
4.	prevalent		

Exercise E: Write 4 sentences using the following words: **unusual**, **absolutely**, **unfamiliar**, **insignificant**. You must write one sentence for each of these words. Use between 6 and 15 words in each sentence.

1.
2.
3.
4.

TEST 10

p. 172, Paper 1, Part 1

efficient (adj) = working well and not wasting time or energy

quantity (n) = the amount or number of sth

equality (n) = a situation in which everyone is equal and has the same rights

quality (n) = how good sth is

equation (n) = a mathematical statement in which you show that two amounts are equal using mathematical symbols

awareness (n) = knowledge or understanding of a subject, issue or situation

frank (adj) = honest and saying what you really think

greedy (adj) = wanting a lot more food, money, etc. than you need

p. 173, Paper 1, Part 3

outrageously (adv) = too much, in a way that it is unacceptable

outfit (n) = a set of clothes that are worn together

persuasive (adj) = good at making people agree to do or believe what you want them to

part with (v) = to give sth to sb else

innovative (adj) = using new methods or ideas

inspire (v) = to make sb feel that they want to do sth; to give sb an idea for sth

p. 174-175, Paper 1, Part 5

enwrap (v) = to absorb

distinction (n) = a difference between two things

goblin (n) = a creature in children's stories that looks like a small person and enjoys causing trouble

wander (v) = to stop concentrating and start thinking about other things

wild horses could not = nothing could (make sb do sth)

forehead (n) = the upper part of your face between your eyes and your hair

tap (v) = to produce a rhythm with a series of quick light blows on a surface

hum (v) = to sing without opening your mouth; to make a continuous, low sound

haw (v) = be uncertain and take a long time deciding about sth

trio (n) = a group of three

implore (v) = to ask for sth in a sincere and emotional way

look out (v) = to watch what is happening and be careful

transitional (adj) = belonging or relating to change

splendour (n) = great beauty of sth that attracts admiration and attention

interlude (n) = a short period when a situation or activity is different from what comes before and after it

contradict (v) = to say that the opposite of what sb has said is true

collapse (v) = to fall down suddenly; to fail or stop existing

raise (v) = to lift or move to a higher level

scatter (v) = to suddenly move away in different directions

gust (n) = a sudden strong feeling of expression or emotion

demigod (n) = a being who is partly human and partly a god

contend (v) = to compete against sb, for example for a victory or for power

vast (adj) = extremely large

fragrance (n) = a pleasant smell, a perfume

victory (n) = when you win

tangible (adj) = real and not imaginary; able to be touched

scornful (adj) = when you feel that sb is not good enough to deserve your respect

idealistic (adj) = believing very firmly in sth which is good but probably impossible to achieve

emotional (adj) = related to feelings

imaginary (adj) = not real but only created in your mind

p. 176-177, Paper 1, Part 6

vocal (adj) = related to voice or done with voice

communicative (adj) = related to the ability to communicate

other than = apart from

utterance (n) = a vocal sound; spoken language

regard (v) = to think of sb or sth in a particular way

trait (n) = a characteristic; a particular quality in sb's character

extensive (adj) = very large

diatonic (adj) = based on a major or minor musical scale

precise (adj) = exact and accurate

pitch (n) = the high or low quality of a sound

transposition (n) = when you change the key of a piece of music so that it can be performed using higher or lower notes

imitation (n) = the act of copying sth

improvisation (n) = when a performer uses musical notes that they have not prepared before

composition (n) = the process of producing music

offspring (n) = the baby or babies of animals

function (n) = the job that sth is designed to do

prominent (adj) = very important

soothe (v) = to make sb feel calm

blackbird (n) = a bird with black feathers and a yellow beak

nightingale (n) = a small brown European bird known especially for the beautiful song of the male, usually heard during the night

cockatoo (n) = a type of parrot

woodpecker (n) = a bird that makes holes in trees using its long narrow beak

instinctive (adj) = done without thinking because of a natural tendency or ability

mammal (n) = an animal that is born from its mother's body, not from an egg, and drinks its mother's milk as a baby

potential (adj) = possible or likely in the future

p. 178-179, Paper 1, Part 7

witness (v) = to see sth happen

empower (v) = to make sb or sth stronger

sum up (v) = to give a summary of sth

synchronisation (n) = when you make two things happen or move at the same time

dependability (n) = reliability

punctuality (n) = when you do sth at the agreed or proper time

collaboration (n) = the situation of two or more people working together to achieve sth

stipend (n) = a fixed regular income

deprived (adj) = not having the things that are necessary for a comfortable life

overcome (v) = to succeed in dealing with a problem

alienation (n) = the feeling that you do not belong in a particular society, place or group

self-esteem (n) = the feeling that you are as important as other people and that you deserve to be treated well

quote (n) = a phrase or short piece of writing taken from a longer work of literature, poetry, etc., or what sb else has said

highlight (v) = to emphasize sth important

noble (adj) = moral in an honest, brave and kind way

apartheid (n) = a political system that existed in the past in South Africa, in which only white people had political rights and power

prompt (v) = to encourage or cause sth to happen

boycott (n) = not buying or using sth as a protest

loosely (adv) = not according to a strict system or official set of rules

coalition (n) = a union of different groups who agree to work together to achieve a shared aim

throughout (adv) = during the whole of a period of time or an event

communal (adj) = used by everyone in a group

shed light (v) = to provide new information that helps you understand sth

immigrate (v) = to come into a country because you want to live there

striking (adj) = attracting your interest or attention because of some unusual feature

clarity (n) = the quality of being clear and easy to understand

p. 181-183, Paper 3

executive (n) = sb in a high position, especially in business, who makes decisions and puts them into action

debt collector (n) = a person or company that collects payments from people who have failed to pay the money they owe

approve (v) = to have a positive opinion of sb or sth

Vocabulary Exercises

Exercise A: Choose the correct option (a, b, c or d) which best fits each sentence.

- | | | |
|--|--------------|--|
| <p>1. We have always been advocates of racial</p> <p>a. quantity c. quality</p> <p>b. equality d. equation</p> | <p>.....</p> | <p>2. Substantial with neighbouring departments is required.</p> <p>a. imitation c. composition</p> <p>b. improvisation d. collaboration</p> |
|--|--------------|--|

Exercise B: Fill in the blanks in the following sentences using words from the box below. There are two extra words in the box you do not need to use. You cannot change the words.

- | | | | | | |
|--------------|-----------|--------------|-------------|------------|-----------|
| a. immigrate | b. prompt | c. highlight | d. overcome | e. empower | f. soothe |
|--------------|-----------|--------------|-------------|------------|-----------|

1. No matter how many obstacles there were in her way, she always managed to them.
2. Her kind words managed to the pain he was experiencing.
3. Do not forget to all the positive outcomes that are expected from this move.
4. The only solution was to if they wanted to save themselves.

Exercise C: Fill in the definitions using words from the box below. There are two extra words in the box that you do not need to use.

- | | | | | | |
|--------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|
| a. awareness | b. distinction | c. splendour | d. interlude | e. utterance | f. punctuality |
|--------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|

1. is a short period when a situation is different from what comes before or after it.
2. refers to a difference between two things.
3. means knowledge or understanding of a subject.
4. refers to a vocal sound; spoken language.

Exercise D: Fill in the charts with the derivatives of the given **adjectives**. Then provide one synonym and one antonym.

	Verb	Noun	Adjective	Adverb
1.			extensive	
2.			communicative	
3.			imaginary	
4.			scornful	

		Synonym	Antonym
1.	extensive		
2.	communicative		
3.	imaginary		
4.	scornful		

Exercise E: Write 4 sentences using the following words: **restricted**, **admiring**, **inarticulate**, **tangible**. You must write one sentence for each of these words. Use between 6 and 15 words in each sentence.

1.
2.
3.
4.